2012-2015 TEXAS FFA MILK QUALITY AND PRODUCTS CDE TEST QUESTIONS

1)	a.	milk fat differential used in paying for raw milk is: The price to be added or subtracted per 1/10 % of milk fat above or below a set percentage A value established to penalize milk producers who have too much fat in
	D.	their milk
		A value set to penalize milk producers who have too little fat in their milk The price to be added or subtracted per 50 percent of milk fat above or below a set percentage
2)	The	form of mastitis that is hidden from sight is known as
	<u>а.</u>	Infectious
	b.	Clinical
		Acute
	d.	Sub-Clinical
3)	Whi	ch of the following will best control contagious mastitis?
,		Pre-milking teat dip
		Barrier type teat dip
	C.	Antibiotic teat dip
	d.	Germicidal teat dip
4)	The	Standard Plate Count (SPC) has a prescribed incubation time of
,	hours	at °C.
	a.	24 hours at 32°C
	b.	48 hours at 45°C
		48 hours at 32°C
	d.	12 hours at 45°C
5)	One	type of test for antibiotics, common adulterants of milk, is based upon the
,		ole that the growth of bacteria is by them.
		Stimulated
	b.	Enhanced
	C.	Magnified
	d.	Inhibited
6)	The	test is used to detect if milk has been pasteurized properly.
- /		Lipase
		Coliform

c. Standard Plate Count

d. Phosphatase

7)		and	in approximately the same ratio
	as found in bone.	Magnasium	
	a. Calcium andb. Calcium and	_	
	c. Calcium and		
	d. Phosphorus	and Magnesium	
8)	Which of the follow	wing is not a cause of	coliform mastitis?
	a. Cracked or s	•	
	b. Milking too so		uddoro
	d. Slightly damp	sive water in washing o, warm bedding	udders
9)	About	percent of the cal	cium available in the food supply is
3)	provided by milk an		ciditi avaliable iti tile 1000 supply is
	a. 66%	•	
	b. 76%		
	c. 86% d. 96%		
	u. 9070		
10			e(s) the total supply of milk?
	a. Prices paid n	•	
	b. Manufacturinc. Costs of fat p	• .	
	d. Foreign expo		
11	The pastourized N	Ailk Ordinanco rogula	tos what?
11,	a. Grade A milk	/lilk Ordinance regula	les what?
	b. Manufacturin		
	c. Grade B milk		
	d. Grade C milk	· •	
12) Dairy farmers can	buy and sell dairy fut	tures on what exchange?
	a. New York Sto		
	b. National Dair		
		r, Coca Exchange cantile Exchange	
	· ·	· ·	
13)			d of the National Academy of Sciences,
	a. 100	;asi IIIIIII9	rams of calcium per day.
	b. 1000		
	c. 10,000		
	d. 100,000		

,	ercer a. b. c.	cheese price series is based on 63 U.S. cheese plants that make 80-85 nt of the bulk Cheddar. What is the price series called? NASS Cheese Price Survey NASS Cheddar Cheese Price Survey NASS Swiss Cheese Price Survey U.S. Cheddar Cheese Price Survey
,	vns a. b. c.	at marketing tool would be used in the futures market by someone who a commodity such as milk and intends to sell it sometime in the future? Basis contract Pooling contract Short Hedge Speculating buyer
,	a. b. c.	n water supplies must be protected from surface contamination. Water is y tested for as an indicator of possible sewage contamination Proteolytic bacteria Lipolytic bacteria Coliform bacteria Psychotropic bacteria
17)	a. b. c.	cific gravity of milk at 60°F is 1.022 1.032 1.033 1.042
18)	The	International Dairy Federations (IDF) mission is to promote
_	b. c.	Scientific, cultural & economic progress Agricultural, technical & economic progress Technical, scientific & industrial progress Scientific, technical & economic progress
•	e pu a. b. c.	A reports net prices received by dairy farmers for milk, usually the prices ablished on a map to show regional differences. The prices are referred to Blend prices Regional prices Mailbox prices BFP prices

	The "set aside" of \$0.15 per hundred pounds of milk from a milk producer's neck is used in programs that support a. Promotions & research b. Research & testing c. Teaching & promotion d. Promotion & teaching
21)	What is the most popular size container used for fluid milk? a. Gallon b. Half Gallon c. Quart d. Five quart bulk
	Onion and garlic are responsible for the garlic/onion off-flavor in milk, and are lore prevalent in pasture during a. Fall b. Spring c. Early and late summer d. Early spring and late fall
	Chemical sanitizers containing are most widely used for sanitizing illking equipment. a. Bromine b. Saline c. Chlorine d. lodine
24)	Milk found in cows with a high somatic cell count would result in a decrease in a. Butterfat b. Whey protein c. Casein d. Trace minerals
25)	Milk is a good supplier of minerals except for a. Magnesium-Iron-Manganese-Copper b. Riboflavin-Magnesium-Lactose-Manganese c. Phosphorus-Copper-Zinc-Calcium d. Potassium-Boron-Iron-Calcium
26)	Adulterants of milk that are detrimental to human health are a. Proteins b. Pesticides c. Water d. Minerals

27)	a. b. c.	er added to milk is detected by checking the Acid degree value Sediment content Titratable acidity Freezing point
28)	a. b. c.	with low total solids will produce what off-flavor? Flat Malty Salty Acid
29)	a. b. c.	yoscopy is an important tool that test for in milk. Butterfat Antibiotics Pesticides Added water
30)	a. b. c.	is the only source of in nature. Calcium Phosphorous Lactose Fatty acids
	helf I a. b. c.	ch of the following is not an important reason for a five day-seven degree ife test? Psychotropic bacteria reproduce at this temperature Meaningful data can be available for control application in a reasonable time It lowers variability among cartons of milk The Temperature is at or near the maximum at which milk will be stored
-	urfac a. b. c.	ideal cleaning material for removing milk stone from milking equipment ces is Acidic detergent Phosphate Surfactant Chelate
	nillilite a. b. c.	somatic cell count standard for Grade A raw milk is or less per er of milk. 500,000 750,000 1,000,000 1 500,000

enhanda. b. c.	ability of lipase in milk to attack milk fat and produce a rancid off flavor is ced by: Excessive agitation of warm raw milk Poorly cleaned milking equipment Exposing milk to sunlight Feeding cows moldy hay
the riginal extent. a. b. c.	when the Capper-Volstead Act was enacted, cooperatives were given ht and power to organize producers of a farm commodity to its fullest 1829 1959 1729 1929
a. b. c.	two most important etiologic agents of mastitis are Streptococcus agaiactiae and Staphylococcus aureaus Streptococcus uberis and Streptococcus dysgapactiae Pseudomonas aeruginosa and coliform bacteria Klebsiella and actinomycetes
b. C.	cause(s) off flavors in milk such as acid, high acid, or sour milk. Chemical adulterants Microorganisms Sediment Weeds
a. b. c.	oxins sometimes found in dairy feeds are produced by: Protozoa Bacteria Mold Yeasts
caused a. b. c.	the exception of, all of the following off flavors of milk are d by bacteria. Bitter Malty Yeasty Salty

,		Grade A Pasteurized Milk Ordinance (PMO) specifies requirements for the ction of Grade A raw milk for pasteurization and is recommended by
_	b.	The Food and Drug Administration The Small Business Administration The U.S. Department of Agriculture
		The National Committee on Milk
41)	In F	ederal order markets, milk sold for consumption in fluid form is in
_		Class IV
		Class III Class II
		Class I
42)		covered by Federal milk marketing orders is
		Grade A Grade B
		Grade C
	d.	Grade A, B, C
43)	The	largest percentage of the U.S. milk supply is utilized in the production of
-		 Cream and specialty sales Cheese
		Frozen dairy desserts
		Evaporated, condensed and dry products
44)		rating costs of Federal orders are paid by
		The State Department of Agriculture The Federal government
		The milk producers
	_	The milk handlers
45)		objective of a federal order is to
	a.	Assure all dairy farmers an adequate income
	b. c.	Assure consumers an adequate supply of pure, wholesome milk Assure that all dairy plants receive an adequate supply of milk
	d.	Prevent surpluses of milk in the marketplace
46)		eral Definitions and Standards of Identity specify that Whole Milk contain
r		ss than 3.00 percent milk fat and 8.25 percent solids-not-fat
		3.50 percent milk fat and 8.50 percent solids-not-fat
		3.50 percent milk fat and 8.00 percent solids-not-fat
		3.25 percent milk fat and 8.25 percent solids-not-fat

past a b	eddar cheeses sold in the United States, which are not made from eurized milk, must be ripened at least days. . 30 . 60
	. 120 . 150
48) Th	e establishment of a Federal milk marketing order is generally initiated by
b.	Dairy farmers, through their cooperative association Milk handlers in the market
	Consumers Dairy farmers, milk handlers and consumers
	nilk order, including pricing and other provisions, becomes effective only approval by
а	. Consumers
	. Dairy farmers . Milk processors
	. Secretary of Agriculture
mini a b o	deral milk marketing orders give an active voice in determining num milk prices through public hearings. Milk activists Milk handlers Milk processors Milk consumers
stora a. b.	e rules States adopt to govern the production, processing, packaging and age of Grade A milk are based on The Code of Federal Regulations The Pasteurized Milk Ordinance and Code USDA Rules and Regulations The Pure Milk Act of 1937
, a b c	vors of milk may be caused in general by . Water content of the milk . Temperature that milk is stored . Feeds consumed by the cow . Amount of sun light the cow receives
b c	e major cause of the salty flavor in milk is The large intake of salt by the cow Associated with sunlight exposure Mastitis Bacteria

54)		is a test for rancidity.
·	a.	Acid degree value
	b.	Cryoscope
		Disc assay
	d.	Titratable acidity
55)	Mas	titis in milk
		Has a direct effect on cheese yield
		May cause increased rancidity
	_	Decreases calcium content
	d.	Increases protein content
		ch of the following is not one of the duties of the bulk milk hauler, who plays cal role in milk handling?
		Checking milk temperature
	b.	Making sure equipment has been cleaned correctly
		Examining milk to determine appearance
	d.	Collecting a representative sample to be used for tests
57)	Milk	with an Acid Degree Value (ADV) of 1.0 or above will have a detectable
_		flavor.
		Rancid Malty
		Acidic
		Fruity
	۵.	
58)		four primary taste sensations are
		Bitter, metallic, sour, sweet
		Bitter, salt, sour, sweet
		Metallic, salt, sour, sweet
	a.	Burnt, bitter, salt, sour
59)	Lact	ose is the principal in milk.
		Fat
		Protein
		Carbohydrate
	a.	Mineral
		most effective and economical means of reducing the exposure of cows to
n		is causing microorganisms is to
		Isolate animals with clinical mastitis
		Disinfect or sterilize milking machine inflation's between cows
	C.	Wear rubber or plastic gloves during milking and disinfect the gloves between cows
	d.	Use a bactericide for disinfecting the teats after milking

ŕ	Most farm bulk milk tanks are designed for every-other-day (EOD) pickup and must cool 25 percent of the volume of the tank to degrees F within two hours after milking. a. 25 b. 45 c. 60 d. 70
,	A consumer found an off-flavor in milk packaged in transparent plastic and exposed to high intensity fluorescent light. The off-flavor probably was a. High acid b. Bitter c. Oxidized d. Rancid (lipolyzed)
63)	Which group of flavors cannot be detected by odor? a. Bitter, salty b. High acid, rancid c. Feed, garlic/onion d. Metallic/oxidized, malty
64)	Milk used to make ice cream would be priced in what Federal Order class? a. Class I b. Class II c. Class III d. Class IV
65) r	is the time after processing during which a dairy product normally emains suitable for human consumption. a. Code date b. Product life c. Package date d. Shelf date
-	The off flavor most likely to be found in milk that has not been cooled properly s:
	a. Sour b. Rancid c. Oxidized d. Bitter
67)	The Babcock test is a rapid, simple and accurate test for: a. Water in milk b. Titratable acidity c. Fat content d. Nonfat milk solids content

68)	To remove fat from milking equipment use: a. Alkaline cleaner in hot water b. Alkaline cleaner in cold water c. Acid cleaner in cold water d. Acid cleaner in hot water
69)	Quality of grade A milk is: a. Not controlled by Federal Orders b. The first consideration in pooling milk c. A part of the testing by Market Administrators d. Only checked if there is excess milk
70)	Federal Milk Marketing Orders provide or describe: a. Sanitary standards used for grade A b. Milk purchased by dealers c. Milk sold by farmers d. Payment made to milk producers for milk
	It takes approximately lbs. of whole milk to make one pound of whole nilk cheddar cheese. a. 5 b. 10 c. 13 d. 22
72)	Federal Milk Marketing Orders are a mechanism for: a. The most economical utilization of milk b. Finding a market for every producer's milk c. Economical transportation of milk d. Market stabilization
73)	Cow's milk contains percent lactose. a. Three b. Four c. Five d. Six
74)	For the maximum intake of calcium, one should consume a. Whole Milk b. 2% Milk c. 1% Milk d. Skim Milk

,	canno a. b. c.	le some extra-label drugs can be used by food-producing animals, others of the following is/are an illegal drug(s)? Clenbuterol Penicillin Tetracycline Ivomec
76)	a. b. c.	fat in one serving of whole milk (8 ounces) provides calories. 85 90 95 100
77)	a. b. c.	most prevalent off flavor of fluid milk is Malty Oxidized Flat Feed
_	other a. b. c.	microbiological standard for Grade A raw from single procedure is bacteria per millimeter of milk prior to co-mingling with milk from producers. 200,000 150,000 100,000 50,000
t	o the equir a. b. c.	teurization is the process of heating every particle of milk and milk products minimum required and holding it continuously for the minimum ed in equipment that is properly designed and operated. Temperature and length Time and temperature Temperature and time Time and length
	he mi a. b. c.	major reason milk from cows treated with antibiotics must be withheld from ilk supply is because A large proportion of the human population is sensitive to antibiotics Antibiotics increase the somatic cell count of milk Antibiotics cause an off-flavor in milk Antibiotics kill some of the good bacteria found in milk

	hees a. b. c.	en cows have mastitis, the protein content of milk may be higher, but the e yield is lower because of a decrease in protein. Lysine Casein Tryptophan Whey
82)	a. b. c.	teria that survive specific heat treatment are said to be Psychotropic Coliform Psychrophilic Thermoduric
	ne re a. b. c.	is exposure of hot milk or milk product to reduced pressure to affect moval of volatile substances, especially those that enter milk from feed. Vaporization Infusion heater Vacuumization Vac Pac process
84)	a. b. c.	gh acid flavor (sour) in milk is caused by Growth of bacteria in the milk Exposure of cows to acid rain Drinking hard water Absorption of acid from corn silage
85)	a. b. c.	enzyme is almost completely inactivated during pasteurization. Lactose Acid glycerol Alkaline phosphatase Free fatty acids
ir	nto ai alled a. b. c.	boling method, where by, handlers with higher than average utilization pay and handlers with lower than average utilization receives payment from is Base excess pricing Louisville take out and pay back Individual handler pools Producer settlement fund
	ataly a. b. c.	absence of and is not an accident, because they would ze oxidation, their producing metallic or oxidized flavors. Lead-casein Boron-tin Iron-copper Zinc-brass

are	
	e thickens with slight gelation
b. Viscou	s gel forms, mass adheres to paddle
c. Distinc	t precipitate forms, but no gel
d. Slight բ	precipitate forms and tends to disappear
89) Which of the order?	e following is not a part of the establishment of a federal marketing
	c hearing is held for the producers-handlers and the public
b. Must b c. Coope	e approved by 2/3 of the producers supplying 3/4 of the milk rative associations of milk producers petition the U.S. Secretary of
•	ture ucer cooperative may vote all its members who deliver milk during a period.
from offending	ne feed flavor in milk to acceptable levels, cows should be removed g feeds hours before milking.
a. 1-2	
b. 2-4	
c. 4-6 d. 6-8	
u. 6-6	
91) The only pe a. Farme	rsons regulated by federal orders are
b. Trucke	
c. Handle	
	store owners
bacteria the p	ed use of bulk cooling and storage equipment has made rimary organisms in raw milk.
a. Psychr	·
b. Colifor	
c. Staphy	
d. Strepto	OCOCCUS
93) is the	cause of the rancid flavor in milk.
	g high moisture corn
b. Feedin	g haylage
	milk in the sunlight
d. Extrem	e agitation of raw milk

88) The CMT test results that indicate a somatic cell count of 400000 to 1500000

94)	a. b. c.	ch of the following does not promote metallic/oxidized off flavor in milk? Hypochlorite sanitizer Sunlight Fluorescent light Copper
95)	a. b. c.	ble milk contains percent protein. 1.5-2.5 2.5-3.5 3.5-4.0 4.0-4.5
96)	a. b. c.	ch of the following is not an objective of milk evaluation? Determining the presence of desirable characteristics Determining one brand of milk from another Determining whether one sample differs from another Determining presence and magnitude of undesirable characteristics
	namr a. b. c.	titis infecting microorganisms almost invariably gain entrance to the mary gland via the Caudal base Blind quarter Streak canal Feed
,	bnor a. b. c.	cup is a cup with fine wire mesh on top used to detect the presence of mal milk. Striated Mesh Streak Strip
	emov a. b. c.	needs to be applied to the teat end in order for a milking machine to ve milk. Massaging action Pulsation Vacuum Pressure
,	he ca a. b. c.	ch of the following four primary taste sensations is correctly matched with susal agent? Salty-sugar Bitter-quinine Sweet-lactic acid Sour-table salt

which a. b. c.	e streptococci that produce lactic acid also produce certain aldehydes, impart a flavor. Malty Bitter Salty Metallic
be rap a. b. c.	sing a with plastic beads of varying density, nonfat solids in milk can idly estimated. Lactometer Hydrometer Humidoscope Polyscope
a. b. c.	two main proteins in milk are and Lactose, Lactalbumin Casein, Lactalbumin Ascorbic, Thiamin Colgate, Casein
104) Vitar a. b. c. d.	B C
a. b. c.	contains all the known vitamins and is an especially good source of Cyanocobalmin Riboflavin Ascorbic Acid Thiamine
a. b. c.	is a good source of all water-soluble vitamins except for Cyanocobalmin Riboflavin Ascorbic Acid Thiamine
with a a. b. c.	is a milk process that makes milk more easily digested by those sensitive digestive system. Ionization Evaporation Pasteurization Homogenization

108) amino acids are commonly found in milk proteins, including the essential amino acids.
a. 7 b. 12 c. 14
d. 19109) Summer milk has been estimated to contain 1.6 times as much vitamin as
winter milk. a. A b. B c. C
d. D
 110) The milk becomes the property of the buyer once a. The transport truck reaches the plant b. It is loaded into the transport truck on the farm c. The transport truck leaves the farm d. It is unloaded into the processor's bulk tanks
111) Cows with have a higher incidence of mastitis because physical injury is more likely.a. Sickled hocksb. Horns
c. Lower foot angles d. Pendulous udders
 112) Which of the following is untrue concerning the federal milk marketing orders? a. They are legal instruments b. It is a uniform system of classified pricing c. Producers are not guaranteed a market d. Sanitary restrictions on production are imposed on producers.
113) The or uniform price is determined by the proportion of the total delivery used in products of these classes. a. Classified b. Average c. Parity d. Blend
114) Under federal orders, dairy farmers receive their milk checks a. Once or twice monthly b. Weekly c. Bi-monthly d. Directly from the FSA office

hundre a. b. c.	efray the cost of federal orders, handlers are assessed per edweight of milk received. 1-3 cents 2-5 cents 3-4 cents 15 cents
a. b. c. d.	ch is a true statement concerning federal milk marketing orders? Public hearings are held so that all interested parties may present their views. They remove the need for cooperatives. They are designed to weaken the bargaining power of single large dairy farmers. They assure the corrected weighting, testing and sanitary conditions of milk.
mamm a. b. c.	hormone oxytocin is released by the gland. This act stimulates the nary gland. Pituitary Sweat Endocrine Vascular
deterg a. b. c.	per parts readily absorb and need to be cleaned in an alkaline ent. Protein Carbohydrates Milk fat Minerals
a. b. c.	main objection to dirt and milk stone on parts is Vacuum fluctuations Poor milkers function Poor looks Increased bacterial count
a. b. c.	y dented or damaged milkers unit parts are caused by Strong chemicals Improper design Careless handling Solvents

121) By regulation, milk from cows treated with antibiotics usually must be withheld for hours. a. 48 – 72 b. 30 – 60 c. 48 – 108 d. 72 – 96
 122) Rules developed by the are designed to protect the health and welfare of consumers. a. United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) b. Protein and Lactose Organization (PLO) c. Future Farmers of America (FFA) d. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)
123) The standard plate count (SPC) estimates the total numbers of microorganisms. a. Mild b. Yeast c. Anaerobic d. Aerobic
 124) The predominant bacteria of milk that produces lactic acid, which is responsible for the sour taste of milk are the: a. Streptococci b. Psychrophilic c. Coliform d. Streptococcus
 125) The traditional method of pricing milk has used a milk fat differential of one tenth of one percent from a milk fat base of percent. a. 3.0 b. 3.2 c. 3.5 d. 3.7
126) The United States government purchases surplus from the commercial market under the dairy price support program. a. Fluid milk products, butter, cheese b. Cheese, nonfat dry milk, butter c. Butter, evaporated milk, ice cream d. Ice milk, yogurt, cottage cheese

127) The feed additive isoacid gives a pound daily milk res maximum response in early lactation. a. 2 to 4 b. 4 to 6 c. 6 to 8 d. 8 to 10	ponse, with
 128) Mixture of milk and cream containing not less than 10.5 perce than 18 percent milk fat, is the definition of a. Light whipping cream b. Light cream c. Half-and-half d. Heavy cream 	nt milk fat, but les
129) One of the mechanisms used by the USDA to remove surplus from the supply is to subsidize manufacturers who sell overseas is called the a. Price Support Program b. Butter-Powder Formula c. Dairy Export Incentive Program d. Commodity Credit Program	5 .
 130) Under which of the following weather conditions would you ex the greatest decrease in milk yield per cow? a. Cold and dry b. Hot and humid c. Cool and humid d. Warm and dry 	pect to observe
131) Although milk from the cow is processed, it is not an engined food and contains about % solids. a. 3.5 b. 13 c. 76 d. 87	ered or fabricated
132) Dairy cows need day dry periods for rejuvenation tissue and restoration of body condition. a. 30 b. 60 c. 90 d. 120	n of secretory

133) Due to high leukocyte counts, farmers should not use the CMT before the day after calving or test milk from cows that are being dried off.
a. First
b. Second
c. Third
d. Fourth
134) From the mid 1950's until 2009, the size of the U.S. dairy herd has:
a. Decreased by 50%
b. Remained static
c. Increased by 50%
d. More than doubled mirroring the population growth
135) From the mid 1950's until 2009, individual production per cow has:
a. Remained static
b. Increased by 50%
c. Increased by100% d. Increased by 400%
u. Increased by 400 %
136) The first milk produced after parturition is called:
a. Colostrum
b. Celestial
c. Serial
d. Coliseum
137) Transitional milk is the label given to the milk produced in:
a. One retail region and moved to another retail region for processing
b. From the Colostrum stage to 11 th milking which can not be legally
marketed for human consumption
c. From the truck to the holding silos, not yet in the production cycle
 d. Produced at the end of a lactation but before the cow is transitioned into
the dried state
138) It requirespound(s) of milk to produce one pound of butter.
a. 1
b. 11
c. 22
d. 33
139) It requirespound(s) of milk to produce one gallon of gourmet ice
cream.
a. 8
b. 12
c. 16
d. 24

140) To	prevent milk fat from separating itself from the fluid portion of the milk is:
·	a. Homogenized
k	o. Pasteurized
(c. Sterilized
(d. Thermalized
141) Fa	t globules in raw milk average aboutin diameter:
á	a. 1/25,000 of an inch, more or less 1 micron
	o. 6/25,000 of an inch, more or less 6 microns
	c. 1/2,500 of an inch, more or less 100 microns
(d. 1/250 of an inch, more or less 1000 microns
•	raporated milk has been preheated to stabilize the protein, followed by the
_	oval of:
	a. 30% of the water
	o. 60% of the water
	c. 90% of the water
(d. All of the fat
,	ondensed milk on the grocery shelf may haveadded.
	a. Salt
	o. Minerals
	c. Sugar
(d. Cream
144) T	ne major difference between Evaporated and Condensed milk is:
	a. Evaporated milk has less water than condensed milk
k	b. Evaporated milk can be stored non-refrigerated, while condensed milk
	requires refrigeration
	c. Condensed milk has a lower fat content than evaporated milk
(Condensed milk comes in smaller size containers than evaporated milk
	y milk must have less than% moisture by weight.
	a. 5%
	o. 10%
	2. 15%
(d. 25%
•	ry milk can be stored for long periods of time:
	a. In refrigerated vaults
	o. At temperatures above 150 degrees
	c. In an open container in the cabinet
(d. In a sealed atmosphere of nitrogen or carbon dioxide

 147) "Cultured" in front of the name of a milk product indicates: a. Product is older and more mature b. Product is highly refined c. Product has appropriate bacteria added to it d. Product has been through a school and is more expensive
 148) A "acidified" label on a milk product indicates that the product was produced by: a. Souring the milk b. Enriching the milk with added iron c. Cows consumed acid rain water d. Passing the milk through a reverse osmosis filtration system
 149) Cottage cheese from the grocery shelf must contain no less than: a5% fat b. 1% fat c. 2% fat d. 4% fat
150) Low fat cottage cheese must contain a maximum of:a5% fatb. 1% fatc. 2% fatd. 4% fat
a. A region which supplies substantial components required b. Material found in the stomach of young calves necessary c. Liquid portion at the bottom on the container that is hard to dispose of d. Custard-like substance formed at the top of the container
 152) Butter is made from milk and/or cream and must contain a minimum of: a. 5% fat b. 20% fat c. 50% fat d. 80% fat
153) Cottage cheese is a soft, unripened cheese with approximately moisture content. a. 20% b. 50% c. 80% d. 100%

a. 20% b. 30% c. 50% d. 70% 155) Rennet is used in many milk products to produce a thicker bodied product. Natural rennet comes from: a. Mines in Eastern China b. Microscopic plants growing the ocean c. Inside the stomach of young claves d. Composted cow manure treated with UV rays 156) Cultured sour cream is required by Federal standards to have a minimum of a. 3.25% fat b. 5% fat c. 10% fat d. 18% fat 157) Sour Cream frequently develops a bitter flavor due to continued bacterial proteolytic enzyme activity when stored for more than: a. 1 week b. 3-4 weeks c. 6-8 weeks d. 10-12 weeks	154) Parmesan and/or Romano cheese are very hard grated/shaken cheese with moisture content.
b. 30% c. 50% d. 70% 155) Rennet is used in many milk products to produce a thicker bodied product. Natural rennet comes from: a. Mines in Eastern China b. Microscopic plants growing the ocean c. Inside the stomach of young claves d. Composted cow manure treated with UV rays 156) Cultured sour cream is required by Federal standards to have a minimum of a. 3.25% fat b. 5% fat c. 10% fat d. 18% fat 157) Sour Cream frequently develops a bitter flavor due to continued bacterial proteolytic enzyme activity when stored for more than: a. 1 week b. 3-4 weeks c. 6-8 weeks d. 10-12 weeks 158) Yogurt is manufactured from fresh, whole, low fat or skim milk that is heated before fermentation. However, Federal standards require yogurt to have a minimum of a5% b. 1% c. 2% d. 3.25% 159) Low-fat yogurt must have a minimum of fat and a maximum of fat. a. 1%, 4% b5%, 2.5% c5%, 2%	
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fat. a. 1%, 4% b5%, 2.5% c5%, 2%	minimum of fat. a5% b. 1% c. 2%
	fat. a. 1%, 4% b5%, 2.5% c5%, 2%

 160) Non-fat yogurt must have a maximum of fat prior to the addition of bulky flavors. a5% b. 1% c. 2% d. 3.25% 	
 161) Cream is a liquid milk product separated from the fluid milk that must contain a minimum of: a. 4% fat b. 10% fat c. 14% fat d. 18% fat 	3
162) Heavy cream (whipping cream) contains a minimum milk fat of: a. 10% b. 18% c. 30% d. 36%	
163) Dry cream is produced by removing the water from pasteurized milk and/or cream. Dry cream is required to contain a minimum of: a. 18% fat b. 30% fat c. 40% fat d. 75% fat	
164) Dry cream is produced by removing the water from pasteurized milk and/or cream. Dry cream will have a maximum milk fat of for economic factor a. 18% b. 30% c. 40% d. 75%	S.
 165) Buttermilk is the product resulting from: a. Addition of extra fat to raw fluid milk b. Removal of the butter (fat particles) form raw fluid milk c. Heating of both butter and milk to facilitate the blending of them together d. Artificial product produced using non-saturated vegetable oils 	
166) Two states dominate the total U.S. cheese production. These two states are: a. Texas and California b. Texas and Florida c. New York and Wisconsin d. Wisconsin and California 	

- 167) Some soft serve frozen dairy products have replaced milk fat with:
 - a. Peanut butter
 - b. Honey
 - c. Fruits
 - d. Vegetable oil
- 168) By FDA definition of an imitation product, which of the following is NOT true:
 - a. Taste like the real product it represents
 - b. Has the same nutritional value as the real product it represents
 - c. Looks like the real product it represents
 - d. Imitation products are not regulated by the FDA
- 169) A substitute product by FDA definition meets all of the following statements except:
 - a. Taste like the real product it represents
 - b. Has the same nutritional value as the real product in replaces
 - c. Looks like the real product it represents
 - d. Imitation products are not regulated by he FDA
- 170) Some dairy food products have a "REAL" seal on the package. This seal cannot be placed on a package that does NOT adhere to the following standards.
 - a. Produced from U.S. milk
 - b. Meets federal and state standards
 - c. Imitation or substitute foods
 - d. Produced from NON-organic sources
- 171) Osteoporosis may be reduced by consuming adequate quantities of milk and/or milk products. Osteoporosis is the:
 - a. Inflammation of the skin cells causing hair loss and scaling of the skin
 - b. Deterioration of the soft tissue in the retina, leading to blurry vision and poor eye sight
 - c. Loss of bone mass due to decrease in the bone matrix and minerals
 - d. Development of a hard calloused layer of skin upon the sole of the foot
- 172) Properly processed UHT milk may be stored at room temperature for:
 - a. 24-28 hours
 - b. 10-15 days
 - c. Several weeks
 - d. 6 months
- 173) Milk sold through commercial outlets is certified to be from herds free of:
 - a. B.S.T.
 - b. Displaced Abomasums
 - c. Broken Udder Suspensory Ligaments
 - d. Tuberculosis

should a. l b. l c. \	from using raw cows' or goats' milk, the animals have brucellosis. Undulant fever Mumps Whooping cough Night blindness
exampl a. / b. I c. /	s produced from female's mammary glands. These mammary glands are es of a: Adrenal gland Excretory gland Absorbatory gland Exocrine gland
a. <i>i</i> b. (c. (ecretory tissue within the mammary gland is a grapelike structure called: Alveoli Clitoris Glanus cistern Annular ring
a. (b. <u>f</u> c.	California Mastitis Test (CMT) asks that you used onlymilk. Colostrum Milk after dry-off The first stream during milking The 2 nd stream during milking
a. 6 b. 4 c. 2	4 cc
a. 6 b. 2 c. 3	CMT should be read within 10 sec 20 sec 30 sec 40 sec
a. 4 b. 2 c. (is the healthiest range for somatic cell counts? 400,000-1,200,000 200,000-400,000 0-200,000 5,000,000+

ised and Finalized 1-19-12
 181) If the CMT has a somatic cell count of 1,200,000 to 5,000,000 what is the interpretation? a. Serious mastitis b. Subclinical mastitis c. Negative (healthy) d. None of the above
 182) What does HACCP stand for? a. High Altitude Computer Control Protocol b. High Aptitude Critical Consideration and Punctuality c. Help Animals in Confined Conditions and Preserves d. Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points
183) Milk must be help at 191 degrees F for to be considered pasteurized a. 30 minutes b. 1 second c. 2 seconds d. 5 minutes
184) According to HACCP, what is a receiving station? a. Where supplies are received b. Where trucks receive milk c. Anywhere raw milk is received, handled, stored, etc d. Where cows enter to be milked
 185) How often will HACCP inspect each Dairy Farm? a. A minimum of every 6 months b. A minimum of once each year c. A minimum of once each month d. A minimum of every 2 years
186) When sanitizing milking equipment with water, the temperature must be a minimum of 170 degrees F and the utensils are to be under the flow of water for minutes. a. 10

187) Milk protein allergies are a form of milk intolerance. These generally occur only in infants and is usually outgrown by:

a. 6 month of age

b. 15 c. 1 d. 5

- b. 12 months of age
- c. 18 months of age
- d. 24 months of age

- 188) Low levels of the enzyme lactase may lead to lactose intolerance. Symptoms of lactose intolerance include ALL of the following EXCEPT:
 - a. Headaches
 - b. Nausea
 - c. Diarrhea
 - d. Abdominal cramps
- 189) The maximum moisture content of Cheddar cheese is:
 - a. 12%
 - b. 23%
 - c. 30%
 - d. 39%
- 190) An example of an extra hard cheese is:
 - a. Parmesan
 - b. Muenster
 - c. Ricotta
 - d. Brie
- 191) To add the mold to the blue cheese it is mainly:
 - a. Injected into the cheese
 - b. Grown on the cheese
 - c. Mixed in the whey mixture
 - d. None of the above
- 192) What is the average fat content of Brie?
 - a. 15%
 - b. 30%
 - c. 45%
 - d. 65%
- 193) Cream cheese is different from cottage cheese because:
 - a. Cream cheese is an acid curd and cottage cheese is not
 - b. Cream cheese is made from cows' milk and cottage cheese is not
 - Cream cheese requires a started culture of bacteria and cottage cheese does not
 - d. All of the above are true for both Cream cheese and cottage cheese
- 194) Gouda can be described by all of the following except:
 - a. Semi-hard
 - b. Yellow colored
 - c. Rind coating
 - d. Tart flavor

195) Mor	nterey Jack cheese has a maximum moisture content of%	, D
•	24	
b.	36	
C.	44	
d.	60	
196) To r	make Mozzarella cheese the pasteurized milk is curded at degrees F.	
a.	45	
b.	88	
C.	145	
d.	190	
197) The	advantage of making processed cheese is:	
	Better taste	
	Marketing	
	Extended shelf-life	
d.	All of the above	
•	e current U.S. per capita consumption of milk is approximately gal	llons
per ye		
	15	
	20	
	25 28	
۵.		
	lay, an average dairy cow produces approximately quarts of milk p annually.	er
	5500	
b.	6500	
C.	6800	
d.	8800	
	hat year were Federal milk-marketing orders reformed?	
	1995	
	2000	
	2002	
d.	2004	
201) Milk	marketed, today as low-fat milk has no more than% milk fat.	
•	3.25	
b.	2.5	
	2	
d.	1	

202) The whey proteins in milk constitutes about% of the protein found in milk.
a. 10
b. 15 c. 18
d. 20
203) Adolescents have a recommendation of milligrams of calcium per day.
a. 1000 b. 1200
c. 1300
d. 1500
204) If vitamin A is added to milk, it must be at a level of no less than international units (I.U.) per quart. a. 400
b. 1000
c. 1500 d. 2000
205) Butter production now accounts for% of the total milk supply.
a. 8
b. 15 c. 18
d. 25
206) Light whipping cream has a minimum of% milk fat.
a. 18 b. 30
c. 35
d. 40
207) Today, milk that has been ultra pasteurized must have been heated at or abovedegrees F for at last seconds.
a. 191, 2
b. 212, 3 c. 260, 2
d. 280, 2
208) It takes approximately pounds of skim milk to make a pound of dry curd cottage cheese.
a. 4.3 b. 7.3
c. 7.8
d 8.6

209) It takes approximatelypounds of skim milk to make one pound of non-fadry-milk. a. 10 b. 11 c. 12 d. 20
 210) The leading state in 2009 in pounds of milk per dairy cow was: a. New Mexico b. California c. Arizona d. Wisconsin
211) The national average milk production per cow in the U.S. is approximately pounds per year. a. 18,400 b. 19,500 c. 20,500 d. 22,600
212) Nearly% of the U.S. milk supply is used in the production of cheese a. 15 b. 30 c. 35 d. 40
213) Fluid milk accounts for% of the U.S. milk supply. a. 15 b. 20 c. 22 d. 25
214) The top ten states in the U.S. now account for about% of the total milk supply. a. 50 b. 60 c. 65 d. 75
215) The leading state in total milk production is? a. Wisconsin b. Minnesota c. California d. New York

 216) Which fluid milk product accounted for the largest use of fluid milk production sales? a. Flavored milk b. Reduced/low-fat milk c. Non-fat milk d. Whole milk
217) Ice cream, including both hard and soft serves, represents% of the entire frozen dairy product market. a. 20-22 b. 25-26 c. 28-30 d. 30-32
 218) Which month during the year is the highest production month for ice cream? a. March b. September c. June d. August
219) California is the leading state in production of ice cream, which state was second? a. Texas b. Indiana c. Minnesota d. Colorado
 220) Which of the following states listed is NOT in the top five for production of cheese? a. Idaho b. Wisconsin c. Minnesota d. New York
221) The top five state in the production of cheese accounted for almost% of all U.S. cheese production. a. 29 b. 42 c. 51 d. 69

222) The	largest production of Italian cheese went to the production of cheese.
a.	Cheddar
	Brie
C.	Mozzarella
d.	Provolone
produc a.	th one of the following "selected dairy products" has the greatest ction in the U.S.? Non-fat dry milk Butter
	Yogurt Evaporated milk
224) The a. b. c. d.	45 50
a. b. c.	largest increase per capita in all dairy products in 2009 was: Cheese Yogurt Low-fat milk Ice cream
produc a. b. c.	ording to USDA's economic research service, total per capita of all fluid ets was approximately pounds. 110 137 163 177
soft an a. b. c.	oximately% of the frozen dessert market was ice cream. (Hard and low-fat/non-fat) 56 60.5 70.7 86.7
228) More cheese a. b. c.	69 78 86

229) (a. b. c.	ese consumption in the U.S. was approximatelypounds per capita. 32 36 45 51
230) 7	a. b. c.	two most popular cheese varieties in the U.S. are? Cheddar and Monterey Jack Cheddar and Colby Cheddar and Mozzarella Cheddar and Swiss
231)	a. b. c.	Italian cheese with the second largest per capita consumption was? Parmesan Provolone Romano Ricotta
232)	a. b. c.	largest supermarket sales of cheese by type was: Cheddar Mozzarella Processed American Colby Jack
	wn a. b. c.	009, the annual farm milk price was about \$ per hundredweight \$5.60 per hundredweight from 2008. 10.80 12.80 14.10 15.50
	erag a. b. c.	milk-feed price ration (which relates the value of milk to the cost of feed) gedin 2009 far below the 1999-2008 values. 1.78 1.9 2.69 2.89
	200 a. b. c.	minimum price for all four classes of milk from the farm in 2009 compared 08: Increases slightly Increased a large amount Remained the same Decreased

236) The average Federal order price per hundredweig wasdollars per hundredweight. a. 10.89	ht in 2009 for class 1 milk
b. 11.36	
c. 13.10	
d. 14.40	
237) The 2009 dairy export value was over 2 billion dol% over 2008.	lars down approximately
a. 28	
b. 30	
c. 40 d. 52	
u. 32	
238) The largest total exported dairy product by volume	e in 2009 was:
a. Cheese and curd	
b. Dry whey	
c. Non-fat dry milk d. Lactose	
u. Laciose	
239) The country that was the largest purchaser of U.S	dairy products in 2009 was?
a. Canada	
b. China	
c. Mexico	
d. Japan	
240) Five countries accounted for approximately	% of the total U.S. dairy
exports.	
a. 39	
b. 59	
c. 69 d. 79	
u. 19	
241) The largest U.S. exports of a dairy product by doll	ars were?
a. Non-fat dry milk	
b. Cheese and curd	
c. Whey and whey products	
d. Lactose	
242) The U.S. also imports certain dairy products. The which accounted for the largest dollar value was?	dairy products imported
a. Dry whey	
b. Milk protein concentratesc. Casein and casein products	
d. Cheese and curd	

243) Beh	ind the U.S., the country, which averages the largest production per cow, is
a.	 Japan
	Canada
C.	Australia
d.	Argentina
	country which imported the largest amount of U.S. ice cream and related cts was:
а.	Canada
b.	Japan
C.	Russia
d.	Mexico
245) The	minimum fat content of cheddar cheese is?
a.	20
b.	33
	40
d.	50
	cheese that has maximum moisture of 45% and a minimum of 45% fat and
	asta filata cheese is?
	Swiss
	Mozzarella
	Provolone
d.	Cheddar
•	sodium cheddar cheese contains no more thanmilligrams of
	m per pound of finished food.
	56
	45
	96
a.	105
,	ch of the following cheeses did NOT originate in Italy?
	Edam
	Parmesan
	Provolone
d.	Mozzarella
•	nterey Jack cheese has a moisture content of 44% percent and a minimum
of	% fat.
a.	40
	45
	33
u.	50

 250) If the dairy ingredients to be pasteurized have a fat content of 10% or more, the specified temperature shall be increased bydegrees F. a. 2 b. 3 c. 5 d. 10
251) Which of the following cheese is a unripen variety? a. Bleu b. Cream c. Brie d. Parmesan
252) One serving (8oz) of milk has aboutmilligrams of calcium. a. 90 b. 150 c. 200 d. 250
253) Ice cream must weight a minimumpounds to the gallon. a. 3.5 b. 4.5 c. 5.0 d. 5.25
 254) The natural lipase enzyme contained in all raw milk is kept away from milk fat globules, thus preventing development of rancidity because the: a. Fat globule membrane, a protective layer, covers the fat globules b. The major protein, casein, ties up the lipase c. Fat globules are too small to attract the enzyme until they are homogenized d. Enzyme has to be activated by the heat of pasteurization
 255) Cooperatives Working Together (CWT) is theprogram that aims to strengthen and stabilize milk prices by balancing supply and demand. a. State funded b. Farmer-funded c. Federal-funded d. None of the above
 256) How long should Calf hutches be left empty between calves to prevent disease spread? a. 2 to 3 days b. 3 weeks c. 10 to 14 days d. 1 month

- 257) What stomach is a magnet typically used in to remove metal objects that cause Hardware disease?
 - a. Abomasum
 - b. Omasum
 - c. Reticulum
 - d. Rumen
- 258) Body condition scoring is one way to measure cow health. What is the ideal score for a milking cow?
 - a. 1
 - b. 3
 - c. 4
 - d. 5
- 259) The decision of a milk hauler to accept or reject milk at the producing farm:
 - a. Depends on knowledge of milk quality and ability to smell off odors
 - b. Must always be confirmed by tests for acidity
 - c. Must be made the day before pickup is scheduled
 - d. Both a & b
- 260) For every pound of dry matter, cows should consume how much water?
 - a. 1 to 2 pounds
 - b. 4 to 5 pounds
 - c. 10 to 15 pounds
 - d. 25 to 30 pounds
- 261) Which of the following fatty acids found in milk have been associated with health benefits in humans?
 - a. Oleic acid
 - b. Conjugated Linoleum Acid
 - c. Butyric Acid
 - d. Lactic Acid
- 262) What technology destroys 90 percent of BST found in milk?
 - a. Pasteurization
 - b. Homogenization
 - c. Hormonization
 - d. Reverse osmosis
- 263) What method of manure application is best to fully utilize nutrients, reduce risk of runoff, and lower odor complaints?
 - a. Injecting
 - b. Broadcasting
 - c. Surface application
 - d. Flood application

- 264) At refrigerated temperatures, butter will begin to lose some of its natural flavor after how long?
 - a. Within 2 months
 - b. Within 6 months
 - c. Within 1 year
 - d. Butter will not lose its natural flavor when stored properly
- 265) Why do protein and amino acids go hand in hand?
 - a. Amino acids and proteins need to be found in a 2:1 ratio in all diets
 - b. Proteins are the building blocks of amino acids
 - c. Amino acids are the building blocks of protein
 - d. Proteins link to amino acids in bone formation
- 266) When performing a CMT test, watch for color changes and gel formation. Milk from a normal guarter does which of the following?
 - a. Forms a gelatinous mass clinging together in a strong reaction
 - b. Flows freely without change in viscosity
 - c. Forms small clumps in a moderate reaction
 - d. Turns a deep purple color
- 267) New food plate guidelines recommended how many servings of dairy products per day?
 - a. 5
 - b. 2
 - c. 4
 - d. 3
- 268) What disease is caused by a worm that is taken up as larvae by cattle eating grass, penetrates the gut, and eventually matures to adult form in the respiratory tract?
 - a. Tuberculosis
 - b. Heartworm
 - c. Trichinosis
 - d. Lungworm
- 269) Which of these is a good nutritional strategy to maintain milk production in hot weather?
 - a. Feed more grain
 - b. Increase protein concentration
 - c. Add more fat
 - d. Milk slower

- 270) There are four classes of milk under federal orders and they provide for
 - a. Classification according to the relative safety of each class
 - b. Payment for milk according to its quality
 - c. Payment for milk according to its cost of production
 - d. Payment for milk according to its end use
- 271) Based on ice cream consumption figures, the second most popular flavor is
 - a. Strawberry
 - b. Cookies n' cream
 - c. Vanilla
 - d. Chocolate
- 272) Under Federal milk marketing orders Class III milk is used to make
 - a. Ripened cheeses
 - b. Cottage cheese
 - c. Butter and dry milks
 - d. Ice cream
- 273) According to a report compiled by the Institute for Food Technologists, is now America's favorite at-home snack.
 - a. Cheese
 - b. Yogurt
 - c. Ice cream
 - d. Chocolate Milk
- 274) In regards to commodities, what best defines hedging?
 - a. Taking no action
 - b. The act of buying and selling stock
 - c. The act of protecting yourself against price possibilities
 - d. The act of buying and selling commodities
- 275) When it comes to fertilizing fields, what three nutrients are known as the "secondary nutrients"?
 - a. Calcium, nitrogen, and water
 - b. Calcium, sulfur, and magnesium
 - c. Nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium
 - d. Potassium, phosphorus, and zinc
- 276) A fluid milk product that contains at least 8.25% nonfat milk solids and no more than 0.5 gram of fat in a single serving of 8 fluid ounces is called
 - a. Milk
 - b. Low-fat milk
 - c. Nonfat milk
 - d. Reduced fat milk

- 277) What household cleaning agent has been found to cut odor in livestock manure by USDA-ARS scientists?
 - a. Baking soda
 - b. Borax
 - c. Dish soap
 - d. Window cleaner
- 278) The off-flavor that is seldom found except in pasteurized milk that has been stored too long is
 - a. Foreign
 - b. Unclean
 - c. High acid
 - d. Feed
- 279) According to the American Veterinary Medicine Association, what is the preferred method of dehorning cows?
 - a. Caustic paste
 - b. Cauterizing veins
 - c. Gauging
 - d. Disbudding
- 280) What field vegetable can be a cheap replacement for soybean meal and corn grain?
 - a. Sugar beets
 - b. Sweet corn
 - c. Field peas
 - d. Almonds
- 281) How many years does it take for a dairy farm to fully transition to become certified organic?
 - a. 1
 - b. 3
 - c. 5
 - d. 7
- 282) What is the largest cost on most U.S. dairy farms?
 - a. Feed
 - b. Fuel
 - c. Labor
 - d. Veterinary fees

283) In cows,	salmonellosis	infections	are most	common	in those	that have	calved
within							

- a. 2 days
- b. 10 days
- c. 20 days
- d. 50 days
- 284) The Standard of Identity for ice cream requires that it contain a minimum of _____ percent milk fat
 - a. 10
 - b. 12
 - c. 14
 - d. 16
- 285) Which of the following is an example of value-added agriculture?
 - a. A farm that markets an "Ozark brand" of cheese
 - b. Purchasing milk from a local producer
 - c. Using a custom heifer raiser
 - d. Drinking raw milk
- 286) Farm marketing cooperatives have been in existence since the early
 - a. 1800's
 - b. 1900's
 - c. 1700's
 - d. 1920's
- 287) Federal Milk Marketing Orders affect prices consumers pay for fresh milk in grocery stores by:
 - a. Adjusting them according to demand
 - b. Adjusting them according to supply
 - c. Leaving them to be determined in the marketplace
 - d. Setting them only once yearly
- 288) What percent of exported U.S. dairy products are sold without a subsidy?
 - a. 0 %
 - b. 50 %
 - c. 80 %
 - d. 95 %
- 289) Dairy farmers receive what percent of the sale of a half-gallon of milk?
 - a. 46 %
 - b. 15 %
 - c. 26 %
 - d. 96 %

- 290) Demand for dairy products is typically the lowest in
 - a. Spring
 - b. Summer
 - c. Fall
 - d. Winter
- 291) What percent of today's youth consume the recommended amount of dairy products?
 - a. 10%
 - b. 30%
 - c. 50%
 - d. 75%
- 292) Milk that is used to make butter is classified as which class in Federal Orders?
 - a. Class I
 - b. Class II
 - c. Class III
 - d. Class IV
- 293) Milk prices on average are the lowest in
 - a. Summer
 - b. Fall
 - c. Spring
 - d. Winter
- 294) The Federal Orders of today are based on the Agricultural Agreement Act of
 - a. 1927
 - b. 1947
 - c. 1937
 - d. 1966
- 295) The practice that distributes payments for milk among the producers within a specific Federal Milk Marketing Order is called
 - a. Pool pricing
 - b. Classified pricing
 - c. Support pricing
 - d. Differential pricing
- 296) What piece of legislation made farmer cooperatives legal?
 - a. Sherman Act
 - b. Capper-Volstead Act
 - c. Farm Bill
 - d. Barkley Act

	be labeled made with organic ingredients a dairy product must in percent or more organic ingredients.
	100
_	90
_	80
_	70
298) The	reason that testing of milk is done in laboratories of the USDA Milk Market
Order	rs is:
	To assure safety of the supply
	To provide accurate accounting for amounts of milk solids sold in the order
	To make sure food and drug law is followed
d.	To provide data for the US Statistical Reporting Service
299) Milk	traits, i.e. fat, protein, SNF, and etc., tend to have a heritability of about
a.	Less than 10%
_	20-30%
	40-50%
d.	More than 50%
300) Cov	vs treated with BST typically show an increase of in daily milk
produ	iction.
a.	2%
b.	10%
C.	20%
d.	30%